



When & Where to Use Knowledgeware, Generative Scripts & VB Tools

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IMAGINE
INVENT.
INSPIRE.

Bringing together
the users of
Dassault Systèmes
PLM solutions

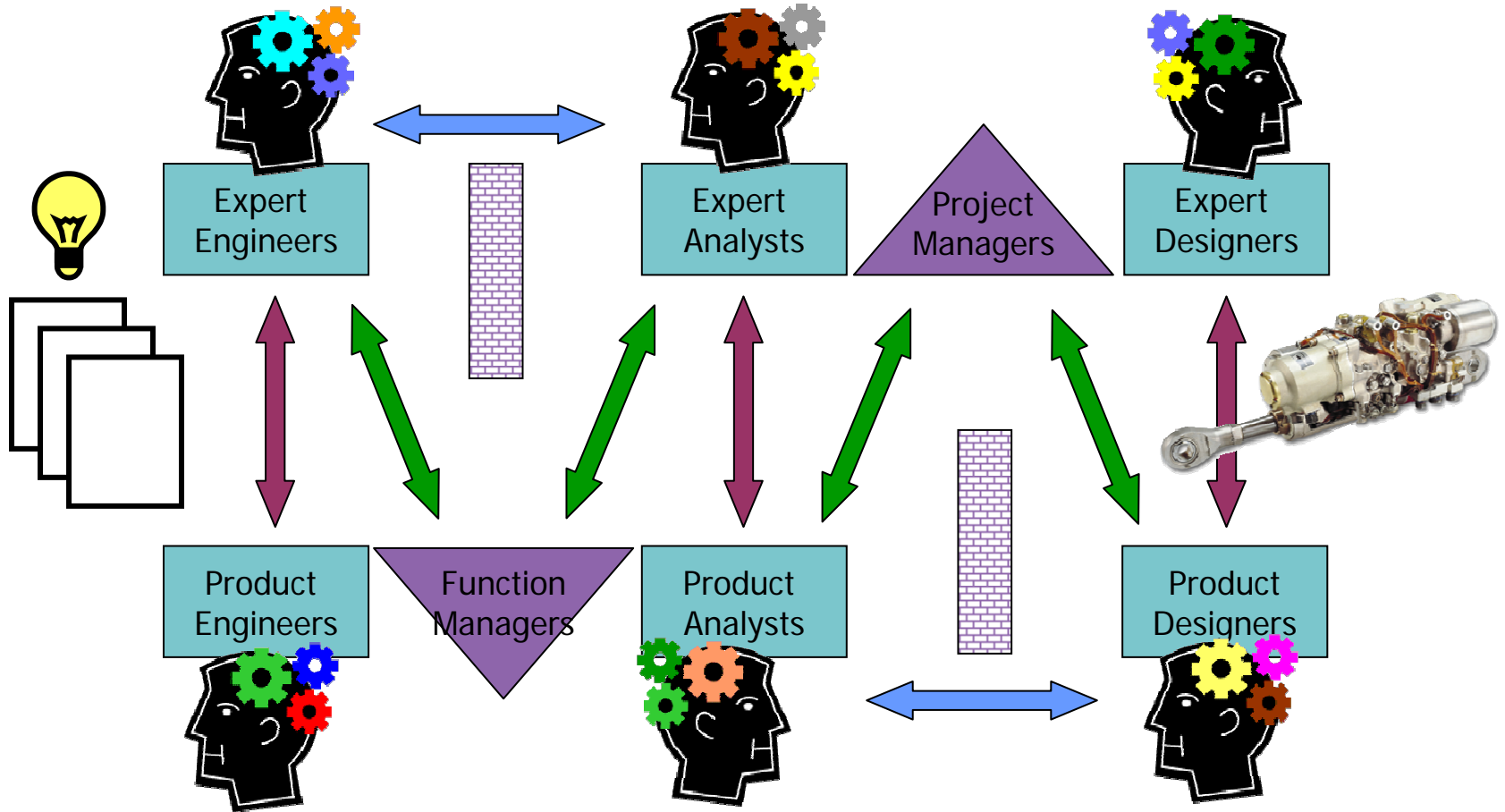


Presentation Topics

- Parker Actuator Configurator Redux:
 - Creation & implementation of a generic KBE application that supports *engineer2configure for all possible actuator families*.
 - Rationale for using Knowledgeware tools, scripting and advanced KBE concepts to derive parts from specifications.
- Project Linchpin – The User Interface:
 - Leveraging the dynamic nature of the core system architecture.
 - Rationale of using Visual Studio .Net with Knowledgeware.
- Project Challenges:
 - A unified system architecture definition, case-based UI coding, development & deployment throughout.
- Lessons Learned



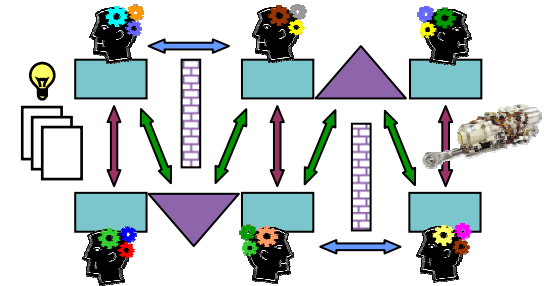
A Typical New Product Design & Development Scenario





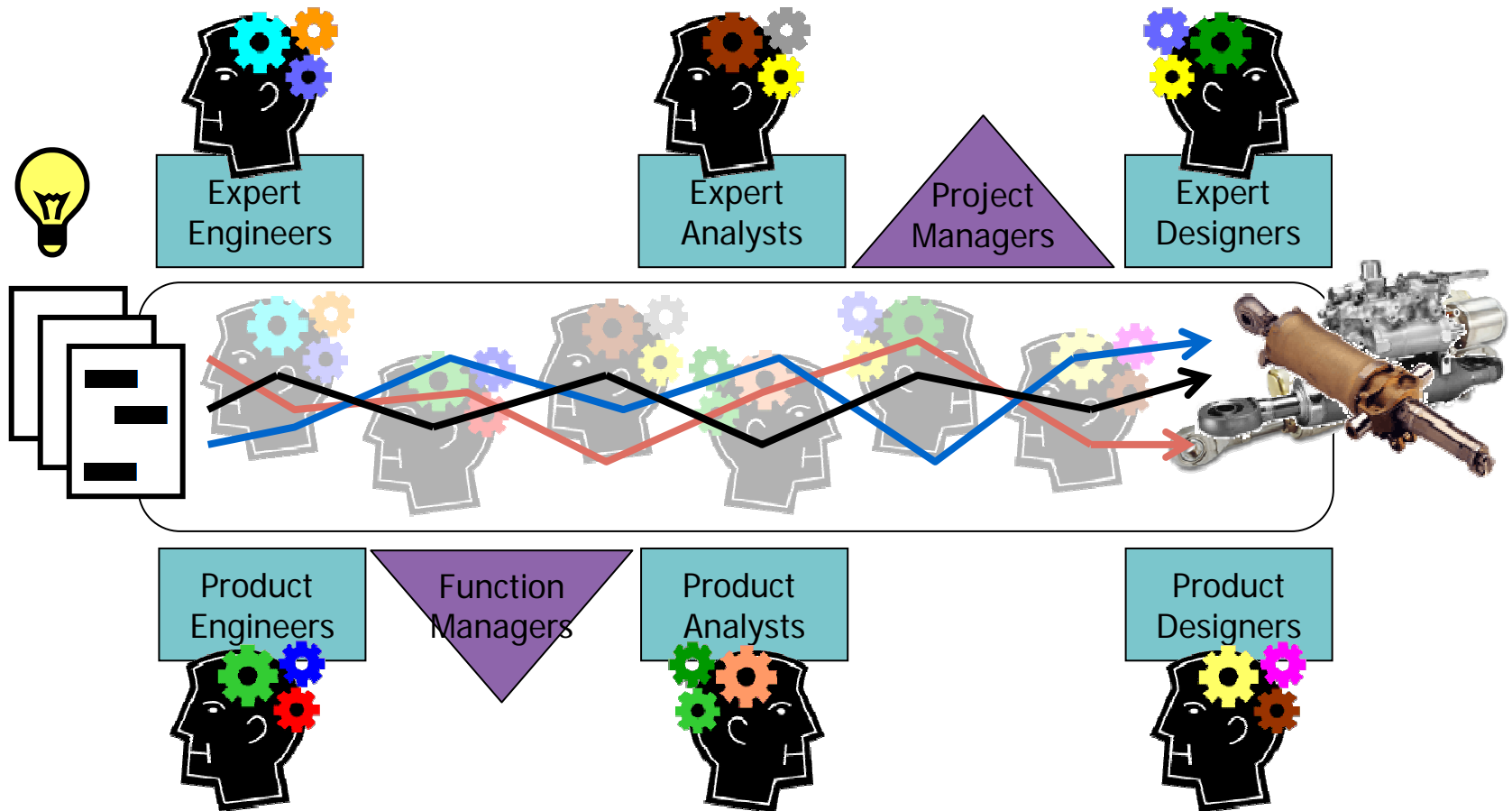
What's wrong with this?

- Knowledge is fragmented
- Subject matter experts (SME) often scarce and busy
- Less uniformity and consistency
- Time-intensive, manpower dependent
- When people retire, information is lost
- Often design is done via trial and error—
case-based reasoning





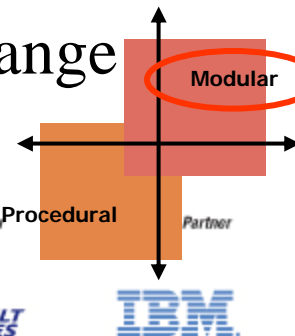
Parker Configurator: Knowledge-centric approach





A CATIA V5 implementation

- System Architecture
 - JustOne system model and a common tree structure for several applications
- Generative Rule Bodies
 - Rule bodies create more rules dynamically on the tree; asleep until awoken (CATGScripts)
 - Retrieve templates; no generative geometry (Knowledgeware)
- Internal Linking
 - Two generalized automation methods to pass/exchange information intrapart & interpart (CATScripts)



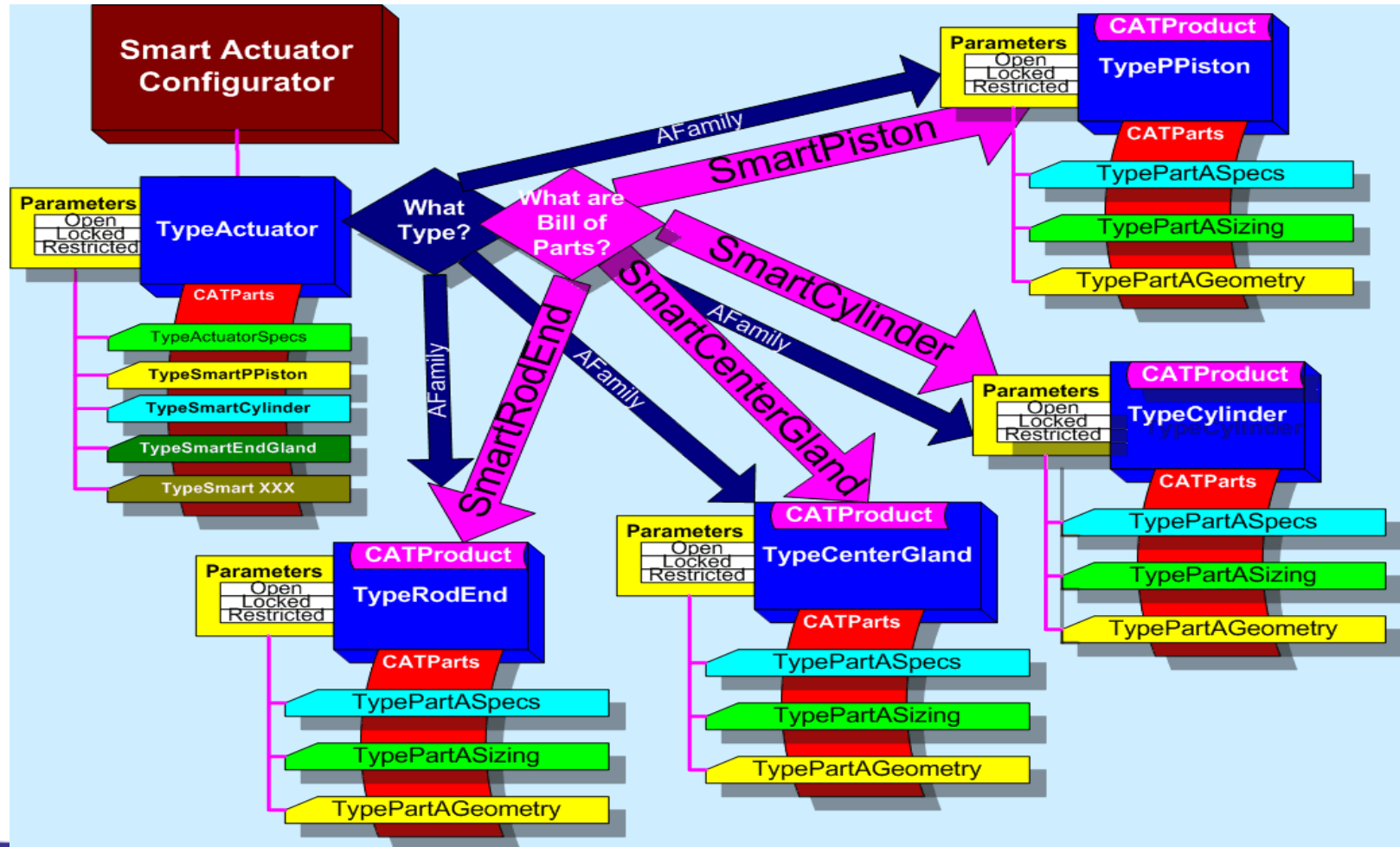


Specs Definitions (Excel Inputs)

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J			
1	Constraint Name	Type	Value (if	Constraint Orienta	First Product	First Publication	Second Pro	Second Publication	Compute			
4	CY2PP_Axial_Coincidence	Coincidence		CatCstOrientUndefined	Cylinder	Cylinder_AxisLine	PPiston	PPiston_AxisLine	Y			
5	CY2REEG_Axial_Coincidence	Coincidence		CatCstOrientUndefined	Cylinder	Cylinder_AxisLine	REEndGland	REEG_AxisLine	Y			
6	CY2REEG_Transverse_Parallel	Parallel		CatCstOrientSame	Cylinder	Cylinder_TransverseLine	REEndGland	REEG_TransverseLine	Y			
7	CY2REEG_Contact	Coincidence		CatCstOrientOpposite	Cylinder	CylinderNutBoreThread_REEndGland_Conta	REEndGland	REEGMiddleRing_Cylinder_ContactPla	Y			
8	CY2EGLockNut_Axial_Coincidence	Coincidence		CatCstOrientUndefined	Cylinder	Cylinder_AxisLine	EGLockNut	EGLockNut_AxisLine	Y			
8	CY2EGLockNut_Transverse_Parallel	Parallel		CatCstOrientSame	Cylinder	Cylinder_TransverseLine	EGLockNut	EGLockNut_TransverseLine	Y			
9	CY2EGLockNut_Contact	Contact	N/A		Cylinder	Cylinder_EGLockNut_ContactFace	EGLockNut	EGLockNut_Cylinder_ContactFace	N			
9	CY2CEEG_Axial_Coincidence	Coincidence		CatCstOrientUndefined	Cylinder	Cylinder_AxisLine	CEEndGland	CEEG_AxisLine	Y			
10	CY2CEEG_Transverse_Parallel	Parallel		CatCstOrientSame	Cylinder	Cylinder_TransverseLine	CEEndGland	CEEG_TransverseLine	Y			
11	Nom Supply Pressure (psi)		4100.001		4100.001	4057.001	SH	160	600000.001	0	3	
12	Nom PTank Pressure (psi)		175.001		150.001	600.001	SH	160	600000.001	0	3	
13	Nom STank Pressure (psi)		100.001		150.001	600.001		160	600000.001	0	3	
14	Limit Load Compression (lbf)		120060.001		180060.001	61600.001		160	600000.001	0	3	
15	Limit Load Tension (lbf)		112140.001		112140.001	61600.001	G	160	50000.001	0	3	5c4 4a0
16	Ultimate Load Compression (lbf)		180090.001		180090.001	92401.001	RMS	160	600000.001	0	2	
17	Ultimate Load Tension (lbf)		168210.001		168210.001	92401.001		160	600000.001	0.25	3	
18	Ultimate Load Side (lbf)		800		800	400		160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
19	Endurance Load Fatigue (lbf)		104400.001		104400.001	51334.001		160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
20	Proof Supply Pressure (psi)		6000.001		6000.001	6500.001	G	160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
21	Burst Supply Pressure (psi)		10000.001		10000.001	10820.001		160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
22	Impulse Supply Pressure (psi)		6000.001		6000.001	6100.001	G	160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
23	Proof Tank Pressure (psi)		4000.001		4000.001	1275.001	G	160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
24	Burst Tank Pressure (psi)		6000.001		6000.001	2125.001	G	160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
25	Impulse Tank Pressure (psi)		2000.001		2000.001	700.001		160	50000.001	0.25	2.5	
26	Impulse Load Cycles Fatigue		1000.001		1000.001	5000.001						
27	Stroke Nominal (in)		9.487		9.487	8.592						
28	Retract Length (in)		24		34.957	33.394						
29	Bearing Friction Coeff Proof		0.15		0.15	0.15	G	160	50000.001	0.25	3	
30	Bearing Friction Coeff Burst		0.2		0.2	0.2						
31	Bearing Friction Coeff Fatigue		0.1		0.1	0.1						



Achieving a Generic Product Configurator





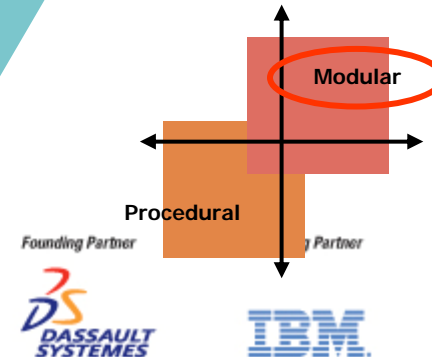
Merits of modular process

Product Definition
Configurator

- Product-Independent
 - Generative Architecture
 - Generic Systematization
- Part-Independent
 - Reusable Templates
 - Pattern Decomposition
- Tool-Independent
 - General-purpose parameters Interchange Methods

Product Solution
Configurator

SmartPart
Configurator





Shifting Focus to the User...

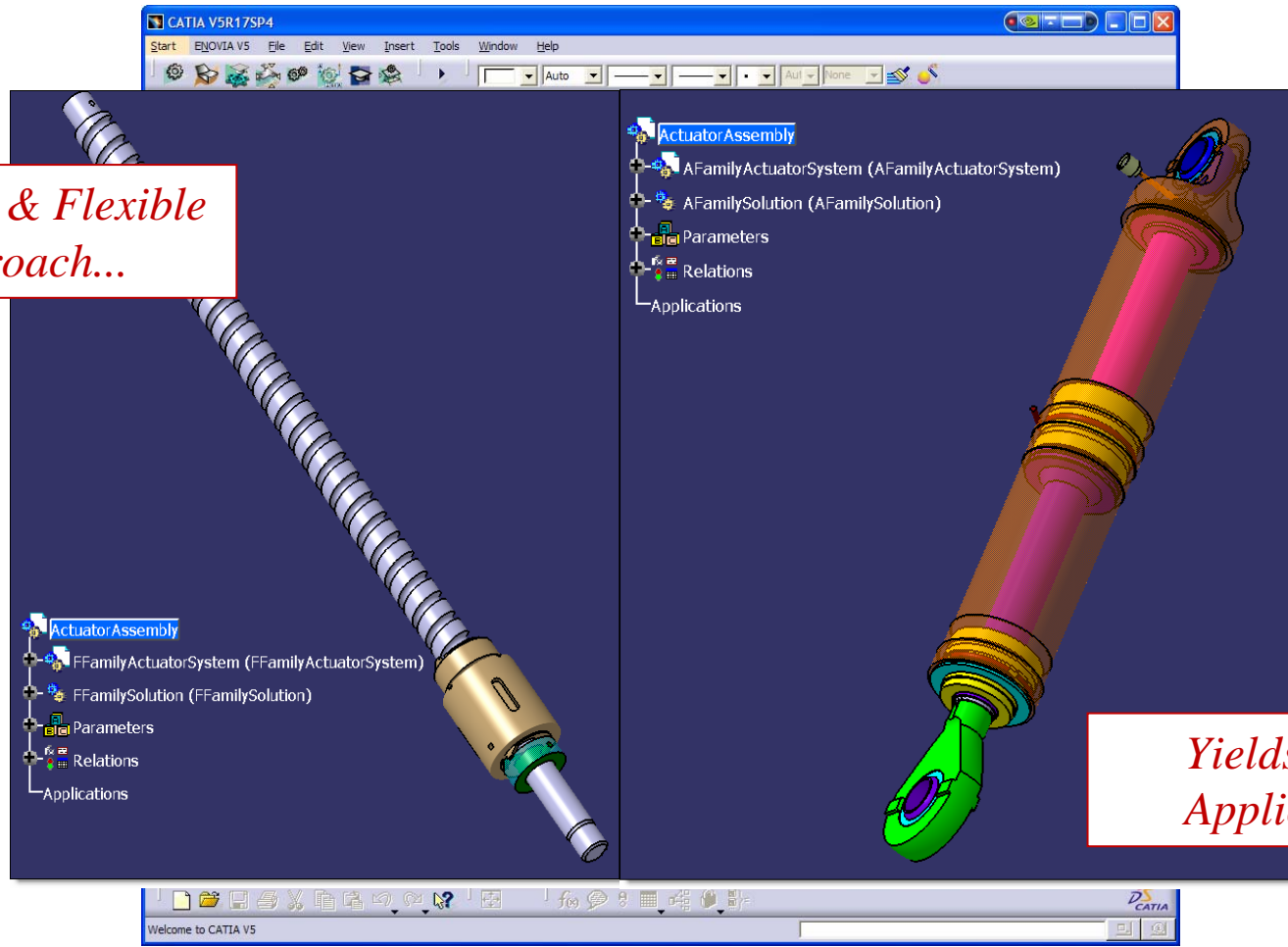


- CATIA Knowledgware:
 - Has a wealth of tools.
 - Spartan user interface.
 - Executing the Actuator Configurator:
 - Modular & flexible, but required numerous operations to be executed manually and in a specific sequence.
- Requirements for a good user experience:
 - Make it easy to use effectively.
 - Make the experience of using the application enjoyable.
 - Failsafe the architecture to eliminate user mistakes.
- Parker Configurator--UI Needs
 - JustOne Interface and seamless dynamic interaction with the tree, Knowledgware parameters and generative rules (no hard coding).



...While Leveraging the Original Investment

Modular & Flexible Approach...



Yields Wider Applicability

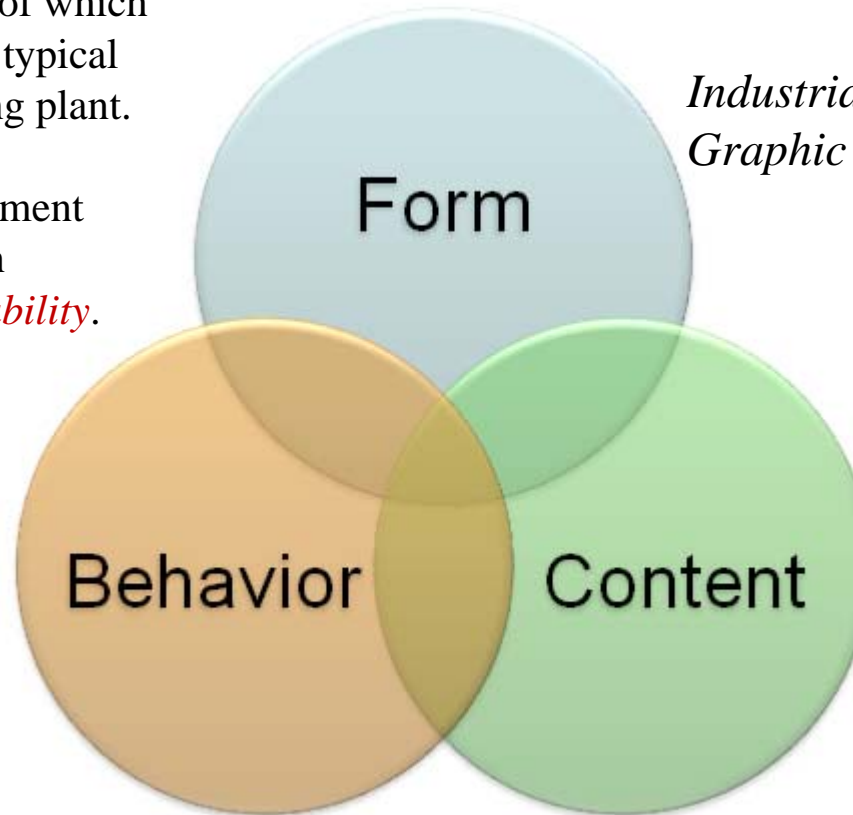


Development of a User Experience (UX)

A classic software development Triad – all components of which may not be found in a typical design or manufacturing plant.

Development investment should focus on *modularity* and *portability*.

Interaction Designers



Industrial Designers
Graphic Designers

Knowledge Engineers



UX Development Tools for use with CATIA KBE

- Visual Basic for Applications (VBA):
 - Good for smaller internal deployments.
 - Does not allow development of processes that run outside of CATIA.
- Visual Studio 6:
 - Allows development of application processes outside of CATIA.
 - Architecture is old.
 - Code is unmanaged.
 - UX design tools are not modern.



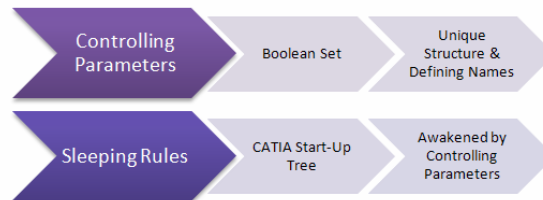
UX Development Tools for use with CATIA KBE

- Visual Studio .NET:
 - VS2003 – 1.0 Framework
 - Suitable, but development tools were already being deprecated.
 - VS2005 – 2.0 Framework
 - Targeted development environment for this project:
 - *Out-process capable.*
 - *Exhaustive component libraries for form design.*
 - *Robust development environment.*
 - VS2008 – 3.0 / 3.5 Framework
 - Not on the market at the time of this project.

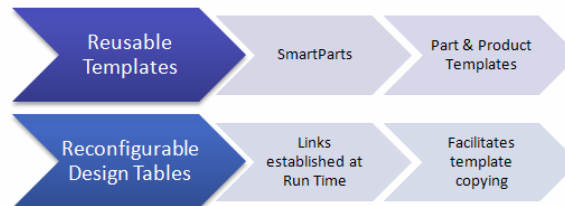


Actuator Configurator UX Development

- Leverage a modular architecture and case-based coding methodology (~8,000 lines) for UI in order to give user a better experience.
 - Provide hooks to the existing triggers:



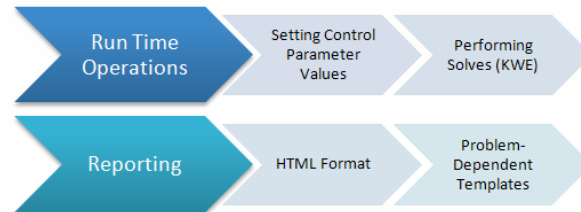
- Facilitate template access & table use:





Actuator Configurator UX Development

- Flow with Run Time operations & hook to Reporting:



- UX coding approach:
 - Modular architecture and a case-based coding methodology. Frequent dynamic Interactions with tree.
 - Tools and forms reusable for future projects.
 - Limited to manipulating already extant KBE features in CATIA.



Actuator Configurator UX Development

User Help

Feedback on Progress

User Interaction & Program Output

With minimal effort, this form & its underlying code can be adapted to any KBE-based equipment (SmartParts) deployment built in CATIA V5.



Actuator Configurator UX Development

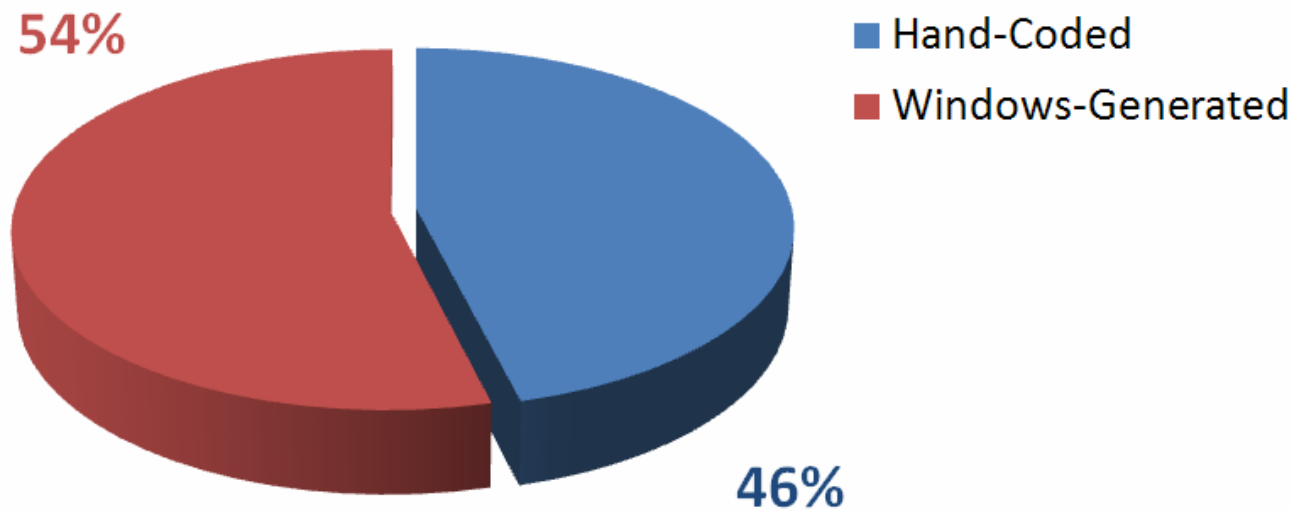
- Enterprise challenges:
 - CATIA Knowledgware is built on a foundation of simple syntax that most engineers can master.
 - Facilitates development of small or large KBE tools.
 - Many companies have very few or no software engineers conversant with CATIA Automation methods.
 - Simple VB Scripts built with the assistance of macro-recording might be the limit of Automation capability.



Actuator Configurator UX Development



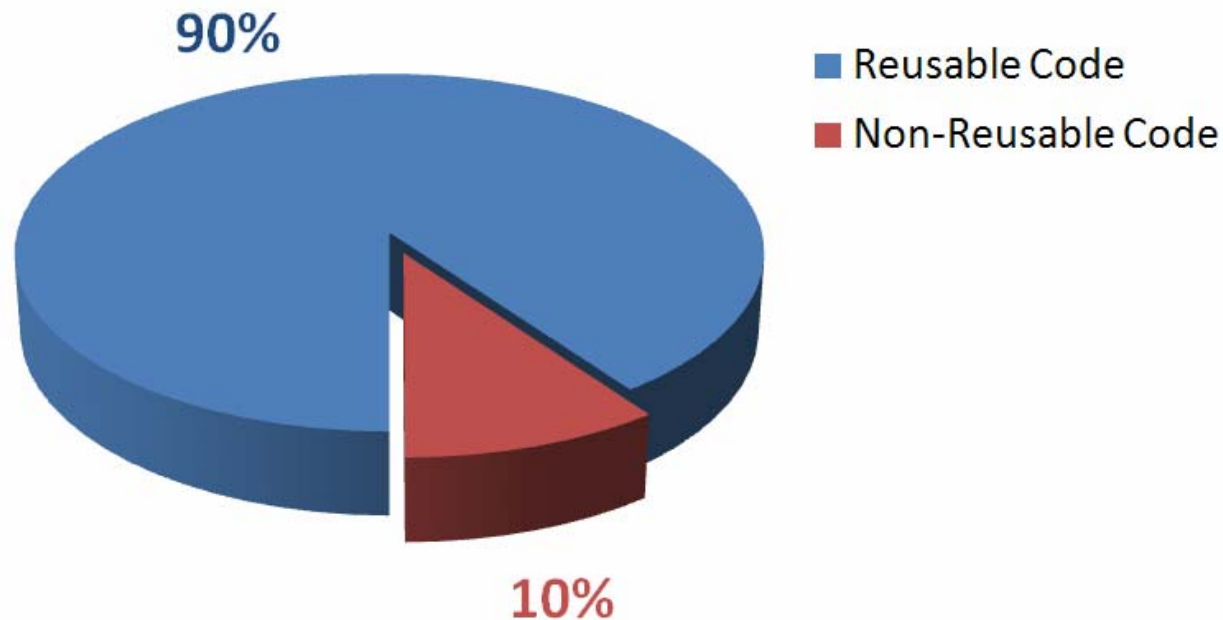
- Modular and still ~ 8,000 lines of code?
- Code development breakdown for this project:





Actuator Configurator UX Development

- Code reuse breakdown for this project:





Actuator Configurator UX Development

Classes & Modules @ 90% reusability

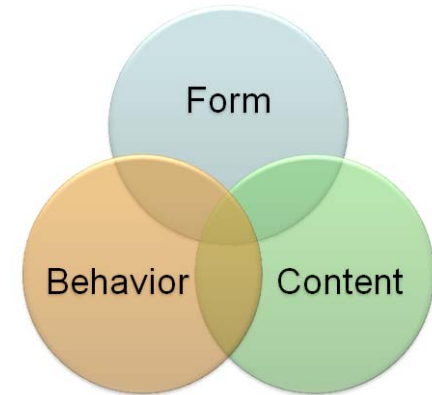
Classes & Modules providing 100% code reuse for similar deployments

Modular project structure promotes code reuse in similar future projects



Actuator Configurator UX Development

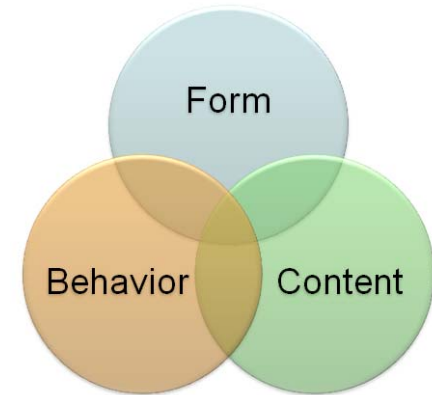
- Modular code by modular developers:
 - Content was already present.
 - Ran independent of UI.
 - Parker designed the KBE tools used.
 - Tools were embedded in CATIA V5.
 - Form was created to support access of Content.
 - Behavior was created to interface Form with Content.
 - Developer: *Christian Isaacs (Rand Worldwide)*
 - ~ 6 month hiatus ensued between first release and commencement of final release.





Actuator Configurator UX Development

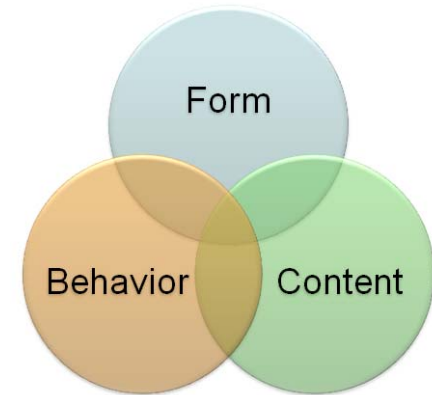
- Modular code by modular developers:
 - Project handed off to second developer.
 - Minimal dialog between developers.
 - If done properly, code says it all.
 - Form was extended to encompass Content previously not included.
 - Behavior was extended to meet project changes.
 - Developer: *Robert Garrison (Rand Worldwide)*
 - Code hand-off to Parker for further reuse on this and other projects.
 - Internal Software Engineer received a half-day code review from second developer.





Actuator Configurator UX Development

- In retrospect:
 - Content is within reach of any user.
 - Developed & deployed solely in CATIA.
 - Exploits rich Knowledgeware toolset.
 - Form & Behavior are also easily within reach.
 - Many .NET Express Edition tools are free from Microsoft, so even small companies have access.
 - Skilled partners can develop the modular and extendable architecture that you then carry forward.
 - Training in Automation of CATIA is also readily available through a variety of sources.
 - *Good option for projects of smaller scope & for proving out the benefits.*





Actuator Configurator UX Development

STEP 2: BASIC PARAMETERS

Working Directory: C:\Temp
Actuator Type: FFamily
Instantiation Option: Open
Configuration ID: 15

STEP 5: SMARTPART WIZARD

Confirm Entries

In this step, you have the opportunity to review the inputs that you provided during Steps 2-4 and to modify those inputs, if you wish.

To make modifications, click on either the *Return to Engineering Specs* text area or the *Return to Material Specs* text area, as desired. Once you click on one of these text areas, you will be returned to that step, where you may make changes and then proceed forward to the current step again.

If you are satisfied with your

STEP 5: Confirm Entries

Engineering Specifications

Config_ID_Type	Value
Actuator_Name	Eclipse_PitchTrimActuator_Fake
Actuator_PID	358XXX
ActuatorSystem_Type	FFamily
ActuatorConfig_Type	SingleOutput
BSCatalog_Selection	NookTable_MM
LMDeviceType	BallScrew
RMDeviceStyleHeading	PlanetaryGear Train

Material Specifications

Part_Name	Material_Type	Temperature_Operating (Fdeg)	All
NookBallScrew	LOW-ALLOY STEEL, 125 KSI HT,ALL WROUGH FORMS	160	10
NookBallNut	LOW-ALLOY STEEL, 125 KSI HT,ALL WROUGH FORMS	160	10
RetractStop	LOW-ALLOY STEEL, 125 KSI HT,ALL WROUGH FORMS	160	10
ActuatorSystem	NOT APPLICABLE	160	10
Empty	NOT APPLICABLE	160	10

The benefits become clear, when the project rolls out to production.



Lessons Learned

- Maintaining a generative structure and dynamic creation of knowledge at run-time helps reusability and promotes generality of applications.
- Consider a similar structure for the User Interface when deploying Knowledge Systems.
 - CATIA's KBE interface is not intuitive for users.
 - Too many interactions required by the user can result in non-use by those who would benefit most.
- When deploying complex systems, commit to an agile architecture for UI.
 - Use modern Development Environments & schemas:
 - .NET, XML, etc.
 - Design the User Experience in tandem with the system.



Lessons Learned

- Make the system flexible and portable.
 - Strive to develop projects that minimize or eliminate redundant coding.
 - Strive for generic classes that can be reused.
 - Resist the temptation to build KBE features with your UX.
 - Keep Contents separate from Form and Behavior.
- A well structured project presents few problems in expansion or adaptation.



Questions?

- For more information, contact:

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